

WASS SYNERGETIC CONVERTER- TRANSFORMER aka Hubbard Concept by Byron Peck & Jerry Redfern

It all started back in 1919, here in Seattle when young Alfred Hubbard publicly demonstrated his coil system which was used to power a boat in Portage Bay and was documented by the Seattle Post Intelligencer.

The Hubbard Coil never went past the prototype stage mainly because big business who wanted to buy it would not give him a fair share of the company that was to commercially produce it. When Hubbard realized that he would never yet a fair deal, he simply halted the project.

We began research and development into Hubbard's concepts in 1931. The most advancements have been made over the past six months with several working models now in operation across the country. Even though these models produce less than one kilowatt, they do demonstrate the concept and prove it is REAL.

Here is Jerry's explanation of our device:

The Hubbard Coil energy unit, or amplifying transformer, is a device which can convert the synergetic potential of space into usable power. It is now recognized by many of the more advanced scientists today that what is commonly referred to as empty space is really not empty at all.

In an article in a May, 1980 issue of Nature magazine, entitled Measurement of Static Electromagnetic Angular Momentum in Vacuo, an experiment is described which demonstrates that space itself has angular momentum, which proves that it has some kind of energy structure. The only fruitful results being obtained in the search for a workable unified field theory are those by scientists who use the concept of a primordial formative field from which all other fields, forces, and matter itself arise.

It has been proven by researchers at the Argonne National Laboratories that sub-atomic particles are "self organizing geometric structures comparable to a plasma vortex". This overturns the wave-particle duality of Quantum mechanics in favor of a simpler wave-unity concept. Under this theory, the entire universe, including empty space consists of waves, and nothing but waves. These waves are of a very low amplitude, making them very hard to detect. We are probably dealing with a full spectrum of frequencies, with the main frequency being fantastically high. When a full spectrum of frequencies are present, the longer waves will superimpose through the shorter ones, amplifying at certain frequencies and cancelling at others, resulting in window frequencies separated by octave intervals.

Although the amplitude of these waves is very low, the frequency is very high, on the average. It is known that, for a given amplitude, the higher the frequency of a wave, the more energy it contains. Therefore, the energy content of space must be immeasurably huge. It has been estimated that the energy contained in one square inch could solve mankind's energy problems until the sun burns out.

Most people who believe in some sort of Ether theory use a hydrodynamic analogy. They treat the ether as if it were some sort of fluid. The new theory of space structure supports this view in a fashion. Frequency in a volume of space is analogous to density, because higher frequencies can exert pressure against lower ones, similar to a density differential. This neatly resolves the paradox of the Ether being considered as an incompressible fluid which can nevertheless contain pressure differentials. Like a fluid, this space structure should be able to propagate

streams and eddies. It most definitely is the medium for the propagation of both transverse, or electromagnetic waves, and longitudinal, or gravitational waves.

With the use of a properly designed device which has a fast enough switching time, it is possible to take advantage of the fluctuations of this energy, and thereby obtain usable electrical or mechanical power.

One way of doing this is to use a square wave pattern in conjunction with batteries and a specially designed transformer. Alternate pulses are fed from the battery into the transformer through a square wave inverter. The other pulses are used to create a potential difference across the terminals of the battery, but with no actual current flow. If the switching time is fast enough, this system will capture and convert the fluctuations of this space energy, which is trying to maintain the equilibrium of the system. The higher frequencies spill down into the lower ones, which are then converted by the circuit.

This is the basic idea behind the WASS Synergetic Converter/Transformer, aka Hubbard Concept. A battery actually has a very large capacitance, and it is known that a capacitor can interact with the gravitational field, as in the work of T.T. Brown.

It is interesting to note that these concepts can be witnessed in the work of Larry Jamison, Edwin Gray and Howard Johnson, to name a few. What we have now is a system that is more refined and simple than any other previously constructed.

Our next step will be to demonstrate our model only to those seriously interested in manufacturing and marketing and who are willing and able to underwrite development of large commercial models. We are prepared to work under contract for those wishing to carry out such development or we will carry out development under contract or in partnership.

We will consider any serious proposal concerning this matter which will benefit all parties. Our primary objective is to develop this concept and our model into a commercially applicable system which can be used to meet the nation's energy requirements.

Contact: Byron Peck or Jerry Redfern
7708 Greenwood Avenue North
Seattle, Washington 98103
(206) 782-6645 or 782-4738